

## **Three Types of Assessment**

**Formative assessment** - a process used by teachers and students during instruction that provides feedback to adjust ongoing teaching and learning to improve students' achievement of intended instructional outcomes (McManus, 2008, page 3)

**Benchmark assessment** - [assessment of] students periodically throughout the year or course to determine how much learning has taken place up to a particular point in time and to track progress toward meeting curriculum goals and objectives (North Carolina Department of Public Instruction, 2008, page 14)

**Summative assessment** - a measure of achievement to provide evidence of student competence or program effectiveness (North Carolina Department of Public Instruction, 2008, page 20)

Purpose	Formative	Benchmark	Summative
	Assessment <u>for</u> learning	Assessment <u>of</u> learning	
Focus	What learning comes next for this student and how should instruction be adjusted?	How are students progressing? How well is this program working?	Have students mastered the material and skills presented? Are they prepared to progress to the next unit of instruction?
	Help teachers and students make decisions about immediate next steps in instruction     Generate descriptive feedback	Track progress of students and groups     Inform programmatic decisions	<ul><li> Measure achievement</li><li> Make comparisons</li><li> Inform policy</li></ul>
Implementation and Timing	<ul> <li>Daily</li> <li>Prior to and during instruction</li> <li>Driven by moment-to-moment decisions</li> <li>Emphasizes student involvement</li> <li>Teacher-generated</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Periodically, at regular intervals</li> <li>After instruction</li> <li>Team-generated or externally generated</li> <li>Regulated by protocols developed in or out of the classroom to allow valid comparison across students, groups or time</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>After a unit of instruction or the course</li> <li>Teacher-generated or externally generated</li> <li>Regulated by protocols developed in or out of the classroom to allow valid comparison across students, groups or time</li> </ul>
Scope	Narrow; one or very few learning objectives or sub-objectives at a time	Moderate; a manageable number of objectives	Broad; comprehensive set of objectives
Audience	Classroom (i.e., students, teachers, and parents)	Administration     and/or     Classroom	<ul><li>Public</li><li>Administration</li><li>Classroom</li></ul>